Summary of the Daily News

WASHINGTON NOTES. A TELEGRAM from General Howard announces the end of the Apache outbreak in

Arizona. The hostiles returned to the reservation, where they were arrested. An order has been issued by the War Department, by the direction of the Presi-

dent, restoring to the army Major Benja-min P. Runkle, retired, who was dropped on the order of the Court of Claims. This judgment was reversed by the United States Supreme Court May 27, 1887. THE following Presidential post-offices have been relegated to the fourth-class having fallen below the minimum for Presi

dential offices: Silver Cliff, Col.; Iveriton and Dyvorton, Conn.; Ketchum, Idaho; Griggsville and Havelock, Ill.; Elkader, Is.; Carbondale and Fort Leavenworth, Kan.; Wiscasset, Me.; Fowlerville, Grand Ledge and Morenci, Mich.; Albany, Mo.: White Sulphur Springs, Mont.; Angelica, N. Y.; New Richmond and Waverly, O.; Knox, North Clarendon and Punxautaw-ney, Pa.; Martinsville, Va., and Cisco,

THE following named members of the Board of Pension Appeals have been reup-pointed by the Secretary of the Interior: George Baber, of Kentucky; John A. Judson, of New York; Patrick J. Rogers, of New York; Robert D. Graham, of North Carolina; S. W. Rittenhouse, of the District of Columbia, and Robert F. Hill, of

THE President will attend the centennial celebration at Clinton, N. Y., but beyond that has made no plans for the summer.

THE EAST.

NEARLY all the strikers at the Fair Chance coke works, near Uniontown, Pa., have decided to return to work at the old

A STRIKE of laborers at Rochester, N. Y. ended in a riot on the 27th. Non-union mer were maltreated and the police hurt with Collector Magone, of the port of New York, has ordered that eighteen imported

French silk-weavers be sent back to France under the act of Congress forbidding the importation of contract labor. FIRE in New York City the other morning

destroyed Tobias New's roofing paper fac-tory, causing \$75,000 loss. Several female employes had narrow escapes. THIRTEEN of the riotous street laborers of

Rochester, N. Y., have been arrested, and all was reported quiet. They were all for-

THE defense in the Sharp bribery trial in New York City was concluded on the 28th without any sensational features. According to announcement, the strik-

ing employes of the salt works at Natrona, Pa., were evicted from the company's An injunction has been obtained in New York City to prevent the Richmond & Dan-

ville road from paying a dividend of three per cent. on its stock as ordered by the di-JOHN LAIDLAW and Dr. Robert N. Mills,

of Elmira, N. Y., have been arrested for defrauding the National Pension Office of \$13,000 through a blind man. THE cotton mills at Mannville, R. L. have shut down because of the strike of the

LAPLIN & RAND'S powder mill, Wayne, N. J., exploded the other morning. Five men were killed and several slightly in-

THE strike of street laborers of Roches ter, N. Y., ended in the defeat of the men. MRS. MABEL BAYARD-KANE, widow of the late John J. Kane, a brother of the Arctic explorer, and the sister of Secretary of

State Bayard, was married at St. George's Church, New York, recently, to Levi C. Bird, one of the most prominent members

GOVERNOR BODWELL, of Maine, has ordered a strict enforcement of the Prohibitory law, alluding especially to the attempt to sell liquor by imported packages under

THE jury in the bribery case against cob Sharp, of New York, returned a verdict of guilty on the 29th with a recommendation to mercy. Sentence was post-

AT Lake Quinsigamond, Mass., recently George Bubear, champion oarsman of England, easily beat James A. Ten Eyck in a three mile race for \$500 a side. Bubear' time, 20:15; Ten Eyck was one second

A CASH box containing \$100,000 worth of deeds and valuable papers was found in a hallway in Thompson street, New York, the other night. The lid had been forced open and the money tray cleaned out. The police were hunting for the owner-Joseph Sweet, proprietor of a Bleecker street laun

dry, who had vacated his shop. Chace Roark, the West Shore express robber, was sentenced to twenty years' hard labor at Utica, N. Y., on the 30th.
THE Lasters' Union has given up its struggle with the boot manufacturers of

Worcester, Mass., and the struggle be tween them is finally ended.

A SHOCK of earthquake was felt in North rn New Hampshire on the 30th.

MRS. MARIA HALPIN, who was heard of in the Cleveland canvass during the Presi dential campaign of 1884, has been married and lives with her husband, Albert Secord. in New Rochelle, N. Y. During the can paign he was often mentioned as her uncle. He was in fact, it is said, an uncle of her

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA, which has been raging in the upper part of West Chester County, N. Y., has attacked the cattle at Throgg's Neck. The State officials were notified and strict quarantine established. The infected animals were killed at once,

THE WEST. THE national convention of the Building Trades Union began in Chicago on the 28t eleven cities being represented

HALP the business part of Hurley, Wis. was destroyed by fire on the 28th. \$100,000.

THERE was a report in Chicago on the 28th that the Illinois Supreme Court had decided to order a new trial in the case of

MRS. LANGTEY recently at San Francisco renounced her allegiance to Great Britain, and took out her first papers declaring her intention to become a citizen of the United

to ultimately apply for a divorce. Four men were killed by a tramcar fall-ing down the shaft of the Vulcan mine at rwich, Mich., on the morning of the 28th. FARES from San Francisco to Hong Kong and Yokohama have been reduced to \$200 and for the round trip to \$350 because of

Canadian competition. FIRE in Sunman, Ind., the other day destroyed a warehouse and general store mine other buildings,

THE damage by the Marshfield (Wis.) The damage by the Marshfield (Wis.) fire was much greater than as first reported. Instead of \$1,000,000, it would be between three and four millions. Only one house remained uninjured by the flames.

Three of the fur robbers who some time ago murdered Detective Halligan and rescued MeMans, their leader, at Ravenna, O., are reported to have been captured at Alpena, Mich.

Straws's Opera House and other buildings at Jacksonville, Ill., were destroyed

ings at Jacksonville, Ill., were destroyed by fire recently. Loss, \$125,000. W. J. Williams, treasurer of Jerauld County, Dak., is reported missing. His ac-

are short \$8,000. THE rest of the renegade Apaches have

given themselves up unconditionally to General Miles. The trail of the hostiles was traced by an educated Indian boy. The Lake Shore and Mississippi Valley department of the American Shipping and

ucpartment of the American Salpping and Industrial League met in Chicago on the 29th with twenty-five delegates present. The consecration of Right Rev. Law-rence Scanlan as Bishop of Utah took place recently in St. Mary's Roman Catholic Cathedral, San Francisco.

AT a meeting of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod at Stoughton, Wis., recently the discussion of the doctrine of predestination

MR. DAVID ARMSTRONG has had his bond as receiver of the Fidelity National Bank, of Cincinnati, accepted, and he is now in charge of the affairs of the defunct institu-

ISAACJ. MILLER and Gustav Tafel, trustees of the late Archbishop Purcell creditors, have filed their report in the Cincinnati probate court. It shows the total receipts and disbursements since January 4, 18 be \$90,000; paid creditors, \$56,000; paid for expenses and incidentals, \$17,000; leaving a balance on hand of about \$10,500. The lia

bilities were over \$3,000,000.

APTER an excited discussion the Chicago Master Masons' Association decided on the 29th by a vote of 41 to 30 to arbitrate with the bricklayers. An arbitration committee of five was appointed.

THE Standard Paper Company, of Milwaukee, has made an assignment to J. E. Friend, who gave bond for \$130,000.

ALEXANDER A. TALMAGE, vice-president and general manager of the Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific railway, died in his private car, one mile east of Peru, Ind., of dysentery on the night of the 28th. He was en route with his wife for Toledo, where he expected to take a yachting trip on the lakes. Mr. Talmage had been sick for several weeks and an attack of dysentery impelled him to seek health by recreation and he was on a trip with this end in view when his death occurred. his death occurred.

The McCoy nitro-glycerine factory near Findlay, O., blew up on the 29th. Four tramps were believed to have been blown into

Mas. Mollov, charged with being accessory to the murder of Mrs. Sarah Graham at Springfield, Mo., has been granted a change of venue to the Christian County

WILLIAM KISSANE, alias W. K. Rogers, has filed a demurrer in the circuit court at San Francisco, pleading the statute of limitations to the suit of the Chemical Na

tional Bank of New York.

The high license law fixing the rate in cities at \$1,000 went into effect in Minnesota

on the 1st. THE Railway Age reports that between January I and June 30 there were laid in the United States 3,754 miles of new main line track. From present indications the Age believes that the total for 1887 may surass that of any previous year in the his

THE sheriff of Chicago has taken possession of the property of the Knights of Labor Publishing Company on a confession of judgment for \$8,133. A receiver has been

THE Utah Constitutional Convention met at Salt Lake on the 30th for the purpose of securing the admission of Utah as a State into the Union.

THE SOUTH.

A SPECIAL from Lonoke County, Ark., says that cattle are dying in large numbers with what veterinary surgeons pronounce as splenic fever. The loss in some localities has been very large and so far no remedy has been found to stop its ravages. THOMPSON, an agent of the Wilkoskis, East Carroll Parish, La., was recently or

dered to quit the State by the vendetta which he immediately did. A DESTRUCTIVE Storm was reported twen-ty miles south of Lougview, Tex., on the night of the 26th. Five men were killed at New Prospect and a woman and two children at Fairplay. Ruin was everywhere in

the track of the tornado.

ELIZABETHTOWN, Ky., was reported in lames on the morning of the 29th TEN BROECK, the famous thoroughbred

horse, died at the home of his owner, F. B. Harper, in Woodford County, Ky., recently of apoplexy. He was fifteen years old and his owner refused \$50,000 for him a few days before he died. NERIAH LEWIS, a lunatic living near

Franklin, Ky., recently shot and killed a neighbor, wounded another, held a posse at bay for some time time, and then finally killed himself.

Two men were fearfully mangled under the wheels of a stock train at Longview, Tex., recently. They attempted to get off when the train was in motion.

Five judges of election convicted of fraud at Baltimore, were sentenced on the 27th to two years in jail. James H. Ham-lin, another judge of election, got a fine of \$1,000 in addition to the imprisonment. The

heavy sentences astonished the ward poli-A BIOT occurred at Oak Ridge, La., on the morning of the 27th, in which two white men and six negroes were killed and sever-

riot took place on an attended. The riot took place on an attended white men killed and injured being odicers.

At Columbia, S. C., recently Scott Logan butted Jack Dillard to death.

Orno, Smith and Clark, three of the men

arrested for participating in the Flatonia (Tex.) train robbery have been discharged the district attorney stating that the evidence was not sufficient to even warrant an investigation MRS. ALBERT FUESSLE, of San Antonio,

Tex., recently gave birth to two girl babies. Half an hour later she gave birth to two more of the same sex. They were born prematurely, being in the sixth month of restation

Stony Gap Church, Tenn., recently. Will Hobbs, a desperado, and Deputy Sher-iff Green were both killed in a fierce fight in which other persons were wounded. Green attempted the arrest of Hobbs at the

THE fourteenth anniversary of the birth of the Knights of Honor was celebrated in Louisville, Ky., on the 30th, with an elab-

THREE new cases of fever but no deaths were reported at Key West, Fla., on the

THE centennial birthday of Mrs. Fannie The centennial birthday of Mrs. Fannie Hill was celebrated at Blue Ball Church, near Elizabethtown, Ky., on the 30th. About 2,000 people were present, two-thirds of whom were related to the aged lady. Her husband is one year her junior. Stories of race troubles in South Carolina are declared to be greatly exaggarated. No violence is expected.

It is not expected that the hop crop this year will suffer from the hop leuse, An express train going from Berlin to Cologue was thrown from the track at Muchlheim recently and seventeen persons

were more or less injured.

It was reported in London that the tomb of Ovid, the Latin poet, had been discovered at Kustendani, Italy.

The Genesta won the jubilee yacht race around Great Britain. Time, 12 days, 16

hours and 55 minutes. A CONTRACT for an equestrian statue of General Robert E. Lee has been awarded to the French sculptor, Mercie, of Paris, THE British Princes Albert Victor and

George reviewed the troops at Dublin on the 28th and were given a banquet in the GENERAL FERRON, the French Minister of War, estimates that the mobilizing of the army next fall will cost 8,000,000 francs.

THE Lafayette Theater at Rouen, France, has been destroyed by fire. ONE hundred Moors, bearing firearms, attacked the Spahi patrol at Biskari, in Alge-ria, recently, killing and wounding several. Many Moors were also killed and wounded. The military intervened and stopped the

fighting. GENERAL BOULANGER has been appointed to the command of the Thirteenth army

corps of France.

A FAREWELL dinner attended by many noted men was given Prof. Tyndall in London the other night on his retirement from the Royal Institution.

MEMBER of Parliament Murphy has sued

the commander of the British ship Shannon for £10,000 damages for trespass in tearing down a green flag on his yacht jubilee day. THE Belgian Chamber of Representatives nas reduced the duties on coffee.
The Crown Prince and Princess of Ger-

many have left London on their return to Berlin.
It is hinted very strongly in Paris that General Boulanger was appointed to the command of the Thirteenth army corps of

France for the purpose of keeping him away from Paris during the national fetes. A VIOLENT earthquake shock was experied at Guayaquil, Mexico, on the morning of the 29th.

A MAJORITY of the committee of the French Chamber of Deputies appointed to study the question of the separation of Church and State has approved the Bojsett project for the abrogation of the concordat. Very radical changes are proposed and no further public grants will be made in aid of any church.

KING MILAN of Servia has instructed Premier Ristics to take measures to prevent the return of Queen Natalie to Se A Cabinet crisis was expected if the Pre-

mier refused to obey the King. In the Italian Chamber of Deputies re cently Signor Mancinie declared that the alliance between Italy, Germany and Austria had been concluded with the sole idea of securing the peace of Europe by purely defensive means. The alliance, he de clared, preserved France from war.

An exhibition of objects relating to music will be held in Amsterdam from Sep tember 1 to October 15.

A DEMONSTRATION in favor of General Boulanger is being arranged in Paris.

THE pool of wall-paper manufacturers of the United States has come to an end. A cargo of tea has arrived in London from Japan via the Canadian Pacific route. occupying only thirty days and sixteen hours in transit.

THE New Zealand Hotel, bank and twenty two shops were destroyed by fire at Blenheim, N. Z., recently. The loss was \$250,000. In Cuba recently a man, his wife and eight children were suffocated in their twelling. They had built a fire of to over night as a precaution against small-pox, which led to the calamity.

THE mercantile agency of R. G. Dun & Co. reports that for the first half of 1887 the failures in the United States were 4,912 in number, against 5, 156 for the same period in the previous year, showing a decline of 244. The liabilities show a slight increase n amount.

THE strikers at Bolton, Eng., engaged in a riot the other night, throwing stones and bolts. The presence of the troops overawed the rioters, who soon dispersed.

S. D. WHITNEY, secretary of the Montreal Board of Harbor Commissioners, is reported missing with heavy defalcations.

THE LATEST.

By the explosion of the boiler of a threshing machine near Mascoutah, Ill., the other day one man was killed and another fatally nured, and the thresher and two horses ourned to death.

THE public debt statement for June showed a decrease during the month of \$16,852,725.17; decrease during the fiscal year which ended June 30, \$109,717,685.38. MIDDLETON & Co., proprietors of the Giant Chewing Tobacco Works in Louisville, Ky., have made an assignment, with 100,000 liabilities and assets nominally the

LEVI BACON, financial clerk in the Interior Department, who died recently, is found to be a defaulter to the amount of \$28,000. The money went principally in cashing checks of the clerks under him, and as their pay becomes due it will be appropriated until the deficiency is made

THREE children of Mrs. August Belder were burned to death recently at Pitts burgh, Pa., during the absence of their

Spring Lake, Mich., was destroyed by fire recently with 2,000,000 feet of lumber. THE Harmony woolen mills at Cohoes, N. Y., shut down on the 1st, throwing 3,80 operatives out of employment. The hands

CUTTER & SAVAGE'S lumber yard at

were ordered to gratuitously scrub the floors, which they refused to do, and this aused the lockout.
F. W. Bipper, of Chicago, the county neat contractor who agreed to turn State's evidence in the boodle cases, has disappeared. It was generally believed that he had been taken on a secret junketing tour

by agents of the prosecution in order to keep him away from the defendants. Business failures (Dun's report) during the seven days ended June 30 numbered for the United States, 155; for Canada, 26. Total, 181, compared with 197 the previous week, and for the corresponding week last

year, 179. ALBERT TURNER, the murderer of Jennis Bowman, the domestic, at Louisville, Ky., ast April, has been executed. His cor canion, Patterson, appealed his trial and a decision is now pending. The murder was peculiarly brutal, robbery being the moive. Both men were negroes.

the throat of the German Crown Prince was sent to Prof. Virchow, of Berlin, for examination. The latter has made a thoroughly satisfactory report, which has de lighted the Emperor and the Prince. Two THOUSAND employes of the Reading (Pa.) Iron Works informed the manage nent that they would not accept the redu-

THE section of growth last removed from

stablishments, throwing all the men out THE mortality in New York on the Is vas greater than on any other day this year. One hundred and seventy persons died, the greater number from cholera in-

tion of 10 per cent. made recently, and the proprietors decided to close down all the

TRAGIC.

Desperate Fight in Texas-Two Killed-Love in Arkan-888.

The Lover Shoots the Girl's Brother and Himself is Fatally Wounded.

A Citizen of Tahlequah Shot Dead While on a Drunk-The Maples Murder-Lynching Case.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., July 2.-A general fight occurred here about noon yesterday in the Texas wagon yard. The participants in the affair were two brothers, F. and David C. Howton, on the one and a father and son, James W. and John Pair, on the other side. In the melee David Howton was killed outright, and the other three men were seriously wounded. James Pair has since died and there is little hope entertained for the other two wounded men. All the parties are f the neighborhood of Texanna, L There has been trouble between the Howton boys and young Pair for some time, and on meeting yesterday in the wagon yard the quarrel was at once renewed. It is uncertain who fired the first shot, but it was John Howton or young Pair. Young Pair has stated to several parties that the Howton brothers invited him to go into a scheme to rob a train on the Santa Fe road just as it crossed Red river. The Pairs' refusal to join the Howtons was the cause of the trouble. The surviving Howton claims that while he made the proposition to young Pair to rob the train he was drunk and jested, and that Pair knew this

A LOVE TRAGEDY. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 2 .- John Coody, who had been living in Stone County, Ark, for five months past, fell in love with Eliza-beth Lumpkins, the beautiful daughter of his employer, but her parents and brothers opposed his attentions and threatened him with personal violence unless he desisted. This Coody not only refused to do, but per suaded the girl to elope with him last Satur day. As soon as the flight was discovered the father and two brothers of the girl, arming themselves, started in pursuit. They followed the pair across the Arkansas border into the Indian Territory, and continued the chase without intermission for several days, pursued and pursuers passing through the Cherokee, Choctaw and Seminole Nations, The lovers were finally overtaken yester day in the interior of the Chickasaw cour try by the older of the Lumpkin boys, was riding in advance and who began fit ing. His sister begged him to spare Coody, but to her entreaties he paid no attention when Coody returned the fire and the boy fell from his horse mortally wounded. The father and younger brother hastened to the scene and shot several times at Coody, mortally wounding him, despite the effort of the girl to save him. The Lumpkins formerly lived near Springfield, Mo., while Coody was born in New Jersey. The girl is very pretty and about twenty years of

age. CITIZEN KILLED. Tahlequah, I. T., July 2.—Thomas Trainer, a well known citizen, was shot and killed here Thursday evening by High Sheriff Hawkins. Trainer had been drink ing for several days and had a grudge against Hawkins on account of a quarre between Hawkins and his son, and walk ing up to where Hawkins and one of his police were standing, jerked the police man's pistol from its holster, remarking to Hawkins, "Now I've got you." But Hawkins jumped up and got in his work

first. About a dozen deputy United States mar-shals arrived here yesterday and arrested several persons for the murder of Marsha Maples some time ago. They also took away five women who will have to answer the charge of violating the law by selling liquor in the Indian Territory.

MOB VENGEANCE.

Sr. Louis, July 2 .- Henry Hamilton, a wealthy planter and stock dealer of Bradley County, Ark., was lynched last night for the murder of the Perry brothers, two weeks ago. At that time Hamilton and his becretary in his decision overruled the brother became engaged in a quarrel with former action of the Interior Department weeks ago. At that time Hamilton and his the Perrys, and that night killed them. The men were arrested that night and bare ly escaped lynching. Yesterday they were released on bail, and the younger Har disappeared, while the mob took vengeance

Omaha Gambling Suppressed. Omaha, Neb., July 2.—The gambling law passed by the last Nebraska Legislature went into effect yesterday, and the chief of police of Omaha has issued a proclamatio ordering all gambling houses close once and the order will be strictly forced. The members of the frater nity have all expressed their willing ness to close up, and no trouble is anticipated. Nearly all of the leading sporting men of the town have declared their intention of leaving and going to more congenial climes. This will be the first congenial climes. This will be the first time that gambling has been stopped in the history of Omaha. It has always been run wide open here, and has been carried on extensively, the police collecting fines month by month from keepers of gambling

Sharp Sick. New YORK, July 2.—Jacob Sharp's condition is unchanged to-day. He is still weak and lies back on an invalid chair at his room in Ludlow street jali, while his wife waves a large fan over him. His unmarried daughter and Mr. Stickney, his counsel, visited him this morning. He appeared to relish his food, but Warden Keating still says he does not eat enough to keep a but beafty alive. The warden denies that he terfly alive. The warden denies that he receives \$150 a week from Sharp for his superior accommodations. He says no favors are allowed the prisoner but those sanctioned by the county.

Reasserted His Innocence.

HENDERSON, Ky., July 2 -Jim McElroy colored, was hanged at noon yesterday. He passed a sleepless night and spent from one o'clock to five a. m. in prayers. At sunrise he partook of a light breakfast. After this the sheriff entered the cell and read the death warrant. McElroy reasserted his oft-repeated story that he was innocent. The crime for which he was convicted was the murder of William Mart one of the most prominent and respected farmers of Southwestern Kentucky.

Unsettled His Reason

CLEVELAND, O., July 2.—George S. Ander-son, a prominent banker and business man of Sandusky, shot himself through the head in his cellar yesterday. Unfortunate investments in Kansas and consequent beavy losses are thought to have unsettled

By the explosion of the boiler of a thresh ing machine near Mascoutah, Ill., the other day, one man was killed and another fatally injured, and the thresher and two horses burned to death.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Losses at the Marshneid Fire Aggregate
Three Millions—Other Towns Suffer.
Milwauker, Wis., June 20.—It is now
estimated that the loss resulting from the
destruction of the city of Marshfeld will
not be less than \$3,000,000, and may be
nearly \$3,500,000. The heaviest loser is the
Upham Manufacturing Company, whose Upham Manufacturing Company, whose loss is approximated at \$800,000. Sander Rockwell & Co., of Milwaukee, \$450,000, representing a whole season's cut of lumber; Tremont Hotel Company, \$25,000; Mayor A. J. Upham, general store and stock, \$50,000; Marshfield Bank, \$10,000 There are about 1,000 losers, the amount varying from \$500 to \$1,000. Twelve solid blocks of stores were destroyed. A dispatch says that the fire burned until an early hour next morning and that but one house remains unscathed. Half the population is still there, but is suffering for want of clothing. Supplies were sent from neighboring towns that answered the purpose temporarily, but Mayor Upham telegraphs that more provisions must be sent at once or the people will suffer. The remaining inhabitants are again camping in the woods Owing to the poor facilities for com-municating by wire, details are coming in but slowly. It appears that when the fire started there was a high wind, and the flames were carried with remarkable rapidity, seeming almost to leap from house to house. Twelve buildings were blown up with dynamite in a vain endeavor to check

HALF THE TOWN BURNED. MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 29.—Half the business part of Hurley, Wis., was destroyed by fire yesterday. The town is one of the mushroom settlements in the mining region and the buildings were not very valuable. The loss will not exceed \$80,000 and none of the individual losses are ever \$5,000. For a time it was thought that the whole town was doomed. The fire started in the rear of the Gobebic Meat and Provision Company's building, and a brisk wind rapidly fanned it into a roaring blaze that spread from building to building until a dozen mercantile establishments, several hotels and a boarding house were in flames. ANOTHER TOWN IN PLAMES.

Louisville, Ky., June 29.-A telegram was received in this city this morning from Elizabethtown, Harding County, Ky., fiftyfive miles south of Louisville, on the Louisville & Nashville road, saying that a great part of the town was in flames; that the fire was beyond control of the local fire department and asking for assistance. A special train with a fire engine and two ose carts was dispatched to the scene of the fire immediately.

OPERA HOUSE BURNED.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., June 29.—A destructive fire occurred here Sunday night, originating in Wright's furniture store, next to Strawn's Opera House, involving a loss of \$125,000.

AFFECTING KANSAS.

The Secretary of the Interior Reverses Former Action and Will Not Pay Kansas For Sales of Indian Lands.

Washington, June 29 .- The Secretary of the Interior yesterday decided adversely the claim of the State of Kansas under the act of January 29, 1861, admitting her into the Union, to \$44,790, being five per cent. of the net proceeds of the sales of certain lands made between July 1, 1884, and June 3, 1885, heretofore reserved for the Cherokee, Kansas, Miami and Osage tribes of Indians. The third section of the compact admitting Kansas into the Union provided that five per centum of the proceeds of sales of public lands lying within the State which shall be sold by Congress after the admission of the State into the Union, after deducting all expenses incident to the same, shall be paid to the State for the purpose of making public roads, etc., as the Legislature may direct. At the time there there was a large quantity of land held by the tribes named above by their title of occupancy. The lands were subsequently ceded to the United States for the nurnos of being sold and the proceeds deposited in the treasury for the benefit of these Indians. The question at issue was whether the lands were "public" in the sense in which the word was used in the act quoted above. Upon this question the Secretary decided in the negative and holds that no such sale as contem-plated by the act has taken place. The whereby similar accounts, aggregating to omething over \$500,000, have been certified to and paid to the State by the treasury is stated that every year since 1861. It claims similar in character have been recognized and paid to several of the States

FATAL EXPLOSION.

Three Men Killed by a Powder Mill Explo-

sion in New Jersey.
WAYNE, N. J., June 29.—Laffin & Rand's
powder mill exploded at three o'clock yesterday morning, the drying mill, in which men were putting powder to dry, blowing up from some unknown cause. In it were Charles Tier, aged forty-five years, and three other men, and all were killed. August Krouse was near the mill and has not been seen since. Several men were slightly injured. The damage to the prop-erty is \$10,000. It is estimated that there were about three tons of powder in the mill. The mill and its contents were blown several hundred feet into and the debris was scattered over an area of half a mile square. The largest piece of a human body found was the lower part of John Cave's skull, to which a por tion of the shoulder blade was still hanging This was found 1,000 feet from the scene of the explosion. Near it were a portion of a foot, a piece of the vertebrae and portions of a rib and ear. The heavy timbers and the thick iron cylinders were rent into thousands of fragments and distributed about the adjoining fields. The concussion caused a boiler in a building 1,000 feet away to explode, scalding the engineer and the foreman and John Young, another engineer. The first explosion was in the drving mills and this caused an explosion of powder dust in the crevices of the unused spare mill, 2,000 feet away. It was also utterly demolished. No cause is known for the explosion. At Elizabeth, eight miles away, windows were broken by the concussion and it was supposed that an earthquake was the cause. Men were going about with bags picking up the shreds

of humanity scattered Mexican Stage Robbers.

El Paso, Tex., June 28.—Stage-robbing has spread from Texas and Missouri to A few days ago a stage traveling between Saraci and Santa Ana, the latter a station on the Sonora milroad, was attacked by six masked bandits. The stage was occupied by Adolfo Garay, a servant and two ladies, Senora Lazzerraja and her daughter, Francisco. Garay resisted and was mortally wounded. The servant had his arm broken, the two ladies were tied to the wheels of the carriage and \$2,500 taken from them. With this money they had in-tended to buy goods at Guaymas. It was a

THE LAND-GRANT ROADS.

They Reply to the Secretary of the Interior and floid That He Has No Authority to Fortset Their Lands.

Washingrow, June 28.—The Secretary of the Interior has received answers from all the land grant railroads named in his rule dated May 23, 1887, requiring them to show the secretary of the Proper June 27, 1887, why the cause on or before June 27, 1887, why the several orders of withdrawal from settle-ment of the lands within their indemnity limits should not be revoked and the land embraced therein restored to settlement. The St. Paul & Sioux City Railroad Com pany, in its answer, takes the position that it is beyond the power and the jurisdiction

of the Secretary of the Interior, as the law stands, to restore to settlement any lands within the indemnity limits of that com-pany; certainly not until the grant shall have first been finally adjusted. It holds that, so far as indemnity lands are con-cerned, the acts of 1857, 1864 and 1865, being in pari materia, the last two amendatory of the earlier grants and all operating upon precisely the same subject matter, that is to say, upon the selection of indemnity lands, stand and must be construed to-gether as one enactment, and into that enact-ment in its entirety is incorporated the provision which Congress saw fit to enact in the seventh section of the act of March 3, 1865, viz : "The direction to the Secretary of the Interior to withdraw from market the land embraced by the provisions of the act," and hence it follows that the withdrawal of all the indemnity lands lying within twenty miles of the line of the road was a legislative withdrawal; that when the Sec-retary of the Interior issued the necessary executive or administrative order to carry that withdrawal into effect he exhausted all the powers of the land department over the subject matter; that as the public lands of the United States are only disposable under the direction of Congress, it requires legislation by that body before its enact-ments dedicating the land in question can be repealed, modified or set aside, and that be repeated, modified of set assets to the grant, any attempt on the part of an executive officer by way of the revocation of the act of his pre decessor, is in direct opposition to the expressed direction of Congress.

The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railroad Company claims that its grant is not confined to the State of Minnesota and that it is entitled to lands lying within ten miles of its main and branch lines irrespective of political boundaries, but for the purpose of testing the question the company some years ago instituted sundry suits in the circuit court of the United States for the district of Minnesota which have since been appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States, where they are still pending; that its in-demnity selections, many of them made vears ago, include all the lands within the indemnity limits of its main and branch lines, and that it is not owing to any fast or neglect whatever on the part of the railroad company that the adjustment of its grant has not long ago been fully com-pleted. The company suggests that us selections have been made for all lands within the indemnity limit such lands have been placed sub judicio and therefore are removed from the category of public lands and can not be made subject to adverse rights by homestead or pre-emption en-tries or in any other way until the rights

of the company thereto have first be amined and adjusted. The Atlantic & Pacific Company claims that it has not failed to give ample notice of its indemnity right and claims that the that the obtained region and claims that the past and present selection of all lands within its available limits, the grant ascarned is deficient more than 1,00,000 acres, that the contract between the United States and the Atlantic & Pacific Company would be seriously violated if through knowledge of these facts any revocation of the exist-ing indemnity withdrawals is made or other action taken tending to defeat, impair or cloud the rights of the company therein; that delay in selection has arisen from the failure of the United States to make sur-vey of the granted and indemnity lands; to ascertain and settle the boundaries of the pending small land claims with such cer-tainty that the precise acreage of loss therein can be determined; to make known their claims by proper description, and finally by its affirmative acts in creating Indian and other reservations within the railroad grant, enlarging others therefor created, and its refusal to permit surveys to be made on the company's deposit of the cost thereof. Notwithstanding these difficulties company things possible to indemnify its losses, make its selections and submits that neither in law, equity or good conscience should the existing withdrawal be re-

The Oregon & California Railroad Company, in its answer, represents that the whole number of odd sections contained within the indemnity limits of its grant will fall by 28,000 acres short of compens ing it for its lands lost in place, and as the larger portions of these lands have never surveyed so as to render it possible for the company to make selections of such lien lands, it submits that it would be a manifest injustice if the existing orders of withdrawal should now be revoked.

CIVIL SERVICE.

The Special Committee Finishes Its Work

The Marking Up to be Done in Wash-

Ington. New York, June 29.—The special committee consisting of Henry F. Dogovan, of the Chicago post-office; John A. Mason, of the New York custom house, and Edward S. Post, of the New York post-office, ap-pointed by President Cleveland last week during the conference in Washington of local civil service officers from the leading cities, to suggest medifications in civil service rules, finished its work in New York yesterday. It was decided not to recommend any change in the form of application by candidates, but to recommend that hereafter all examination papers be marked up in Washington; that the marking be done by a board of fifteen members made up as follows: Seven chosen from the departments of the Government in Washington, one each from the custon houses and post-offices of New Yor. and Boston, one from the Phila-delphia custom house, and one and each from the custom houses Baltimore, St. Louis and Chicago. The ob ject in view in having all examination papers marked by the central board is to-do away with all opportunity for suspicion

of unfairness. A Fast Race.

Naw London, Conn., June 28.—The . eighth cunual four-mile straightaway race between eight-oared crews representing Harvard University and Columbia College was rowed yesterday afternoon on the Thames river course from Gales river to Winthrop point, and proved to be one of the most hotly contested ever rowed, both crews beating the record of 20 minutes and 31 seconds made by Yale in 1884. The official time is: Harvard, 20:20; Columbia, 20:29. All the conditions were favorable for fast time, the water being compara tively smooth, the tide running whole day before the party was found and strongly, being greatly increased in volume relieved. Garay died at Saraci. Two of the bandits were captured and hanged. by the heavy freshet occasioned by the late rains.